

# Journey in Fog

Input file:            **standard input**  
Output file:        **standard output**  
Time limit:        2 seconds  
Memory limit:     512 megabytes

Julia and Jane are two friends living at the opposite ends of a long narrow street of length  $L$ .

Today, Julia needs to meet Jane and return home as soon as possible.

Jane has a list of speeds  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$ . At time 0, Jane picks an integer  $i$  from 1 to  $n$  uniformly at random, and starts moving towards Julia at a constant speed of  $v_i$ .

Julia is not as restricted in her movements, though. Starting from time 0, Julia can freely move along the street in any direction at any speed not exceeding  $V$ . In particular, Julia can stay at the same place as long as she wants, move at speeds lower than  $V$ , and change her speed at any moment.

It's foggy outside. Hence, Julia and Jane can not see each other unless they are at the same point of the street. Also note that Julia does not know Jane's speed, but she knows the list  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$ .

Suppose Julia meets Jane and arrives back home at time  $t$ . Julia will follow a strategy that minimizes the expected value of  $t$ . Find that expected value.

## Input

The first line contains three integers  $n$ ,  $L$ , and  $V$  — the number of speeds on Jane's list, the length of the street, and Julia's maximum speed ( $1 \leq n \leq 10^5$ ;  $1 \leq L \leq 10^9$ ;  $1 \leq V \leq 10^6$ ).

The second line contains  $n$  integers  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$  — the list of possible speeds of Jane in ascending order ( $1 \leq v_1 < v_2 < \dots < v_n \leq 10^6$ ).

## Output

Print a single real number — the expected amount of time it will take Julia to meet Jane and return back home, if she follows an optimal strategy. Your answer will be considered correct if its absolute or relative error doesn't exceed  $10^{-9}$ .

## Examples

standard input	standard output
1 1000 30 10	50.00000000000000
1 1000 10 30	33.33333333333333
4 1000 20 10 20 30 40	46.25000000000000

## Note

In the first example test, Julia is much faster than Jane. It's best for Julia to move towards Jane as fast as she can, meet her at time 25 at distance 750 away from home, and return back home at time 50.

In the second example test, Jane is much faster than Julia. It's best for Julia to just wait for Jane at home, where Jane will arrive at time  $\frac{1000}{30}$ .